Annual Scheme

NURSING FOUNDATIONS

Placement: First year Time: Theory - 275 hours
Practical - 750 hours
(200 lab and 550 clinical)

Course Description:

This course is designed to help the students to develop an understanding of the philosophy, objectives, theories and process of nursing in various Supervised Clinical settings. It is aimed at helping the students to acquire knowledge, understanding and skills in techniques of nursing and practice them in Supervised Clinical settings.

me (rs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment metl
I C I	Describe the concept of nealth, illness and health	 Concept of Health: Health – Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developing illness Body defences: Immunity and immunization Illness and illness Behaviour: Impact of illness on patient and family / Health Care Services: Health Promotion and prevention and Primary Care, Diagnosis, Treatment, Rehabilitation and Continuing Care Health care teams Types of health care agencies: Hospitals: Types, Organization Functions Health Promotion and Levels of Disease Prevention Primary health care and its delivery: 	Lecture discussion Visit to health care agencies	 Essay type Short answer questions Objective typ
	and scope of nursing Describe values, code of ethics	 Nursing as a profession Definition and Characteristics of a profession Nursing: Definition, Concepts, philosophy, objectives Characteristics, nature and scope of nursing practice Functions of nurse Qualities of a nurse 		Essay typeShort answersObjective typ
	rs)	Describe the concept of health, illness and health care agencies Explain concept and scope of nursing Describe values, code of ethics and professional conduct for	Describe the concept of health, illness and health care agencies Describe the concept of health, illness and health care agencies Describe the concept of health, illness and health care agencies Describe the concept of Health: Health – Illness continuum	Describe the concept of health, illness and health care agencies Describe the concept of health, illness and health care agencies

	Time	Learning	~	Teaching Learning	_
Unit	(Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Activities	Assessment meth
III	4	 Explain the admission and discharge procedure Performs admission and discharge procedure 	 Nursing as a Profession History of Nursing in India Values: Definition, Types, Values Clarification and values in professional Nursing: Caring and Advocacy Ethics: Definition and Ethical Principles Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses Hospital admission and discharge Admission to the hospital Unit and its preparation admission bed Admission procedure Special considerations Medico-legal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse Discharge from the hospital Types: Planned discharge, LAMA and abscond, Referrals and transfers Discharge Planning Discharge Planning Discharge procedure Special considerations Medicolegal issues Roles and Responsibilities of the 	Lecture discussion Demonstration Lab Practice Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assess skills with check list Clinical practical examination
	1.0		nurse - Care of the unit after discharge	_	
IV	10	Communicate effectively with patient, families and team member and maintain effective human	Communication and Nurse patient relationship • Communication: Levels, Elements, Types, Modes, Process, Factors influencing Communication - Methods of Effective Communication, - Attending skills	Lecture discussion Role play and video film on the nurses interacting with the patient Practice session on patient	Essay type Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		relations (projecting professional image) Appreciate the importance of patient teaching in nursing	 Rapport building skills Empathy skills Barriers to effective communication, Helping Relationships (NPR): Dimensions of Helping. Relationships, Phases of a helping relationship Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members and maintain effective human relations with special reference to communicating with vulnerable group(children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly) Patient Teaching: Importance, Purposes, Process, role of nurse and Integrating teaching in Nursing Process 	teaching Supervised Clinical practice	
V	17	 Explain the concept, uses, format and steps of nursing process Documents nursing process as per the format 	The Nursing Process Critical Thinking and Nursing Judgment Critical Thinking: Thinking and Learning, Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in Nursing Nursing Process Overview: Application in Practice Nursing process format: INC, current format Assessment Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods Formulating Nursing judgment: Data interpretation Nursing diagnosis Identification of client problems Nursing diagnosis statement Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis Planning	Lecture discussion Demonstration Exercise Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
VI	4	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting	 Establishing Priorities Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes, Selection of interventions: Protocols and standing Orders Writing the Nursing Care Plan Implementation — Implementing the plan of care Evaluation Outcome of care Review and modify Documentation and Reporting Documentation: Purposes of Recording and reporting Communication within the Health Care Team, Types of records; ward records, medical/nursing records, Common Record-keeping forms, Computerized documentation Guidelines for Reporting: Factual Basis, Accuracy, Completeness, currentness, Organization, confidentiality Methods of Recording, Reporting: Change-of shift reports: Transfer reports, Incident reports Minimizing legal Liability through effective record keeping 	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice Session Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type
VII	17	 Describe principles and techniques of monitoring and maintaining vital signs Monitor and maintain vital signs 	Vital signs • Guidelines for taking vita! signs: • Body temperature: • Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature, • Assessment of body temperature: sites, equipments and technique, special considerations	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practice Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content		Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			- Temperature alterations: Heatstroke, Hypothermia Hot and cold applications Pulse: - Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics of the pulse, Factors affecting pulse - Assessment of pulse: sites, location, equipments and technique, special considerations - Alterations in pulse: Respiration: - Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing Characteristics of the respiration, Factors affecting respiration - Assessment of respirations: technique, special considerations - Alterations in respiration Blood pressure: - Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics of the blood pressure, Factors affecting blood pressure - Assessment of blood pressure: sites, equipments and technique, special considerations - Alterations in blood pressure Recording of vital signs			
VIII	30	 Describe purpose and process of health assessment Describe the health assessment each body system Perform health assessment of each body system 	 Health assessment Purposes Process of Health assessment Health history Physical examination: Methods- inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Preparation for examination: patient and unit. General assessment Assessment of each body System Recording of health assessment. 	A AA A	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice on simulators Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective Type
IX	5	Identifies the various	Machinery, Equipment and linen	>	Lecture discussion	Essay typeShort

				Teaching	
Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Learning Activities	Assessment methods
X	62	machinery, equipment and linen and their care Describe the	Types: Disposables and re-usables- Linen, rubber goods, glass ware, metal, plastics, furniture, machinery Introduction: - Indent - Maintenance - Inventory Meeting needs of patient	Demonstration Lecture	answers Objective type Essay type
		basic, physiological and psychosocial needs of patient Describe the principles and techniques for meeting basic, Physiological and psychosocial needs of patient Perform nursing assessment, plan, implement and evaluate the care for meeting basic, physiological and psychosocial needs of patient	• Basic needs (Activities of daily living) Providing safe and clean environment: - Physical -environment: Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, light, Odour, pests control Reduction of Physical hazards: fire, accidents - Safety devices: Restraints, side rails, airways, trapez etc - Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment Hygiene: Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice - Hygienic care: Care of the Skin-Bath and pressure points, feet and nail, Oral cavity, Hair Care, Eyes, Ears, and Nose	discussion Demonstrati on Practice sessions Supervised Clinical practice	 Short answers Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical examination

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
Unit			- Sleep Disorders Nutrition: Importance - Factors affecting nutritional - Assessment of nutritional needs: Variables - Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipments, procedure and special considerations - Oral - Enteral: Naso/ Orogastric, gastrostomy - Parenteral: - Urinary Elimination - Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine Factors Influencing Urination Alteration in Urinary Elimination Types and Collection of urine specimen: Observation, urine testing Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipments, procedures and special considerations - Providing urinal / bed pan o Condom drainage o Perineal care o Catheterization o Care of urinary drainage o Perineal care o Catheterization - Care of urinary drainage o Care of urinary diversions o Bladder irrigation - Bowel Elimination - Review of Physiology of Bowel Elimination, Composition and characteristics of faeces - Factors affecting Bowel elimination - Alteration in Bowel Elimination - Types and Collection of	Learning	
			specimen of faeces: Observation - Facilitating bowel elimination: assessment,		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			equipments, procedures and	Activities	
			special considerations		
			Passing of Flatus tube		
			Enemas		
			Suppository		
			Sitz bath		
			Bowel wash		
			Care of Ostomies Mobility and		
			Immobility		
			- Principles of Body Mechanics		
			- Maintenance of normal body		
			dignment and mobility		
			- Factors affecting body		
			Alignment and mobility		
			- Hazards associated with		
			immobility		
			- Alteration in body Alignment		
			and mobility		
			- Nursing interventions for		
			impaired Body Alignment and		
			Mobility: assessment, types,		
			devices used, method and		
			special considerations,		
			rehabilitation aspects		
			Range of motion exercises o		
			Maintaining body alignment:		
			Positions		
			Moving		
			Lifting		
			Transferring		
			Walking		
			Restraints		
			- Oxygenation		
			- Review of Cardiovascular and		
			respiratory Physiology		
			- Factors Affecting Oxygenation		
			- Alterations in oxygenation		
			- Nursing interventions in		
			oxygenation: assessment, types,		
			equipment used, procedure and		
			special considerations Maintenance of potent circum.		
			Maintenance of patent airway		
			Oxygen administration Suction		
			Inhalations: dry and moist		
			Chest physiotherapy and postural		
			drainage		
			Gramage		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			Care of Chest drainage	Activities	
			Pulse oxirnetry		
			CPR- Basic life support		
			Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid —		
			Base Balances		
			- Review of Physiological		
			Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte,		
			and Acid -Base Balances		
			- Factors Affecting Fluid,		
			Electrolyte, and Acid - Base		
			Balances		
			- Alterations in Fluid,		
			Electrolyte, and Acid - Base		
			Balances		
			Nursing interventions in		
			Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid		
			- Base imbalances:		
			assessment, types, equipment, procedure and special		
			considerations o Measuring fluid		
			intake and output		
			Correcting Fluid, Electrolyte		
			Imbalance:		
			Replacement of fluids:		
			Oral and Parenteral Venipuncture,		
			regulating IV Flow rates,		
			changing IV solutions and tubing,		
			Changing IV dressing,		
			Administering Blood		
			transfusion		
			Restriction of fluids		
			Psychosocial Needs		
			Concepts of Cultural		
			Diversity, Stress and		
			Adaptation, Self-concept,		
			Sexuality, Spiritual Health,		
			Coping with loss, death and		
			grieving		
			Assessment of psychosocial		
			needs		
			- Nursing intervention for		
			psychosocial needs		
			- Assist with coping and		
			adaptation		
			- Creating therapeutic		
			environment o Recreational and diversional		
			therapies.		<u> </u>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
XI	22	Describe principles and techniques for infection control and biomedical waste management in Supervised Clinical settings	Infection control in Clinical settings Infection control Nature of infection Chain of infection transmission Defenses against infection: natural and acquired Hospital acquired infection (Nosocomial infection) Concept of asepsis: medical asepsis, and surgical asepsis Isolation precautions (Barrier nursing): Hand washing: simple, hand antisepsis and surgical antisepsis (scrub) Isolation: source and protective Personal protecting equipments: types, uses and technique of wearing and removing Decontamination of equipment and unit Transportation of infected patients Standard safety precautions (Universal precautions) Transmission based precautions Universal precautions Transmission based precautions Biomedical waste management: Importance Types of hospital waste Hazards associated with hospital waste Decontamination of hospital waste Segregation and Transportation and disposal	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised Clinical practice	
XII	42	Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within	Admintration of Medications: • General -Principles / consideration -Purposes of Medication -Principles: 5 rights; special consideration; Presciptions; Safety in Adminstering		.Essay type Short answers Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical examination

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching	Assessment
Umt	(Hrs)	Objectives	Content	Learning Activities	methods
		and between systems	Medications and Mediation		
		of measurements	Errors;		
		Administer drugs by	-Drug Froms;		
		the following routes-	-Routes of administration		
		oral, Intra-dermal,	-Storage and mainteneance of		
		Subcutaneous	drugts and Nurses responsibility		
		Intramuscular, Intra	-Broad classification of drugs:		
		Venous topical,	- Therapeutic Effect, Side		
		inhalation.	Effects, Toxic Effects,		
		Administer drugs by	Idiosyncratic Reactions,		
		the following routes- oral, Intra-dermal,	Allergic Reactions, Drug		
		Subcutaneous	Tolerance, Drug Interactions, - Factors Influencing drug		
		Intramuscular, Intra	Actions,		
		Venous topical,	- Systems of Drug		
		inhalation	Measurement: Metric System,		
		imidiation	Apothecary System,		
			Household Measurements,		
			Solutions.		
			- Converting Measurements		
			Units: Conversion within one		
			system, Conversion between		
			systems, Dosage Calculation,		
			- Terminologies and		
			abbreviations used in		
			prescriptions of medications		
			Oral Drugs Administration: Oral,		
			Sub lingual and Buccal:		
			Equipment, procedure		
			Parenteral		
			- General principles:		
			decontamination and disposal of syringes and needles		
			- Types of parenteral therapies		
			- Types of parenteral therapies - Types of syringes, needles,		
			canula, and infusion sets		
			- Protection from Needle stick		
			Injuries : Giving Medications		
			with a safety syringes		
			- Routes of parenteral therapies		
			- Intra-dermal: purpose, site,		
			equipment, procedure,		
			special considerations		
			- Subcutaneous: purpose, site,		
			equipment, procedure, special		
			considerations		
			- Intramuscular: purpose, site,		
			equipment, procedure, special		
			equipment, procedure, special		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			considerations - Intra Venous: purpose, site, equipment, procedure, special considerations - Advanced techniques: epidural, intra-thecal, intra-osseous, intra-peritonial, intra-plural, intra-arterial-Role of nurse Topical Administration: purposes, site, equipment, procedure, special considerations for Application to Skin Application to mucous membrane - Direct application of liquids-Gargle and swabbing the throat - Insertion of Drug into body cavity: Suppository, medicated packing in rectum/vagina - Instillations:, Ear, Eye, Nasal, Bladder, and Rectal - Irrigations: Eye, Ear, Bladder, Vaginal and Rectal - Spraying: Nose and throat Inhalation: Nasal, oral, endotracheal (steam, oxygen and medications) purposes, types, equipment, procedure, special considerations - Recording and reporting of medications administered		
XIII	10	Describe the pre and post operative care of patients Explain the process of wound healing Explain the principles and	Meeting needs of Peri operative patients • Definition and concept of Peri operative Nursing Preoperative Phase - Preparation of patient for surgery Intra-operative Operation theatre Set up and environment	Lecture discussion Demonstration Practice session Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective type Assess with check list and clinical practical

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
		techniques of	- Role of nurse	rectivities	examination
		care	Postoperative Phase		
		Perform care	- Recovery unit		
		of wounds	- Post operative unit		
			- Postoperative care,		
			Wounds: types, Classifications,		
			wound Healing Process, Factors		
			affecting Wound, Complications		
			of Wound Healing		
			Surgical asepsis		
			Care of the wound: types,		
			equipments, procedure and		
			special considerations		
			Dressings, Suture Care,Care of Drainage		
			- Application of Bandages,		
			Binders, Splints & Slings		
			- Heat and Cold Therapy		
XIV	15	Explain care	Meeting special needs of the	Lecture	Essay type
		of patients	patient	discussion	Short
		having	Care of patients having	Case discussions	answers
		alterations in	alteration in:	Supervised	Objective
		body	- Temperature (hyper and	clinical practice	Type
		functioning	hypothermia); Types,		
			Assessment, Management		
			- Sensorium (Unconsciousness);		
			Assessment, Management		
			- Urinary Elimination (retention		
			and incontinence); Assessment, Management		
			- Functioning of sensory organs:		
			(Visual &hearing impairment)		
			- Assessment of Self-Care ability		
			- Communication Methods and		
			special considerations		
			- Mobility (physically challenged,		
			cast), assessment		
			of Self-Care ability:		
			Communication Methods and		
			special considerations		
			- Mental state (mentally		
			challenged), assessment of Self-		
			Care ability;		
			- Communication Methods and		
			special considerations Pospiration (distress): Types		
			- Respiration (distress); Types, Assessment, Management		
			Comfort - (Pain) - Nature, Types,		
		l	Connort - (1 am) - Ivature, Types,		<u> </u>

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Objectives	Content	Teaching Learning Activities	Assessment methods
			Factors influencing Pain, Coping, Assessment, Management; Treatment related to gastrointestinal system: nasogastric suction, gastric irrigation, gastric – analysis		
XV	5	Explain care of terminally ill patient	Care of Terminally ill patient Concepts of Loss, Grief, grieving Process Signs of clinical death Care of dying patient: special considerations Advance directives: euthanasia, will, dying declaration ,organ donation etc Medico-legal issues Care of dead body: equipment, procedure and care of unit Autopsy Embalming	Lecture discussion Demonstration Case discussion / Role play Practice session Supervised Clinical practice	Essay type Short answers Objective Type
XVI	6	Explain the basic concepts of conceptual and theoretical models of nursing	Professional Nursing concepts and practices	Lecture discussion	Essay type Short Answers

<u>Prescribed Internal Assessment Weightage:</u>

Internal Assessment : Term Test - 30

Assignment - 20

Fundamentals of Nursing

Recommended Books:

- 1. Taylor Fundamentals of Nursing, 2007, LWW
- 2. Kozier Fundamentals of Nursing ,2007,Pearson
- 3. Potter Basic Nursing ,2008,Elsevier
- 4. Lynn Taylor's Clinical Nursing Skills,2008,LWW

Reference Books:

- 1. Craven Fundamentals of Nursing ,2010,LWW
- 2. Potter Fundamentals of Nursing ,2009,Elsevier's
- 3. St John's Ambulance First AID, 2007, St John's Ambulance Association.
- 4. LWW Lippincott's Nursing Procedure, 2008, LWW.
- 5. Jacob Clinical Nursing Skills & Procedures ,2008, Jaypee
- 6. Carpenito Understanding Nursing Process, 2007, LWW

I. PROGRAM STRUCTURE

Semester Scheme

B.Sc. Nursing Program Structure							
I Semester	III Semester	V Semester	VII Semester				
 Semester Communicative English Applied Anatomy Applied Physiology Applied Sociology Applied Psychology *Nursing Foundations I 	 Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety Pharmacology I Pathology I *Adult Health (Medical Surgical) Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology 	V Semester 1. *Child Health Nursing I 2. Mental Health Nursing I 3. Community Health Nursing I (including Environmental Science & Epidemiology) 4. Educational Technology/Nursing Education 5. Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws	VII Semester 1. Community Health Nursing II 2. Nursing Research & Statistics 3. Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II				
Mandatory Module *First Aid as part of Nursing Foundation I Course	Mandatory Module *BCLS as part of Adult Health Nursing I	*Essential Newborn Care (ENBC), Facility Based Newborn Care (FBNBC), IMNCI and PLS as part of Child Health Nursing	*Safe delivery app under OBG Nursing I/II (VI/VII Semester)				
II Semester 1. Applied Biochemistry 2. Applied Nutrition and Dietetics 3. *Nursing Foundations II 4. Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	 *Pharmacology II Pathology II & Genetics Adult Health Nursing II with integrated pathophysiology including Geriatric Nursing Professionalism, Professional Values & Ethics including Bioethics 	VI Semester 1. Child Health Nursing II 2. Mental Health Nursing II 3. Nursing Management & Leadership 4. *Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I	VIII Semester Internship (Intensive Practicum/Residency Posting)				
Mandatory Module *Health Assessment as part of Nursing Foundation II Course	*Fundamentals of Prescribing under Pharmacology II *Palliative care module under Adult Health Nursing II	* SBA Module under OBG Nursing I/II (VI/VII Semester)					

Note: No institute/University will modify the curriculum. However they can add units/subject in the syllabus as deemed necessary.

#Modules both mandatory and elective shall be certified by the institution/external agency.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and 		
			 attitude – Introduction Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client 		
VIII	4 (T)	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse	Psychological assessment and tests – introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in psychological assessment	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	Short answerAssessment of practice
IX	, ,	Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society	 Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies – managing time, coping stress, resilience, work – life balance Applying soft skill to workplace and society – Presentation skills, social etiquette, telephone etiquette, motivational skills, teamwork etc. Use of soft skill in nursing 	 Lecture Group discussion Role play Refer/Complete Soft skills module 	• Essay and short answer
X	2 (T)	Explain self- empowerment	Self-empowerment Dimensions of self-empowerment Self-empowerment development Importance of women's empowerment in society Professional etiquette and personal grooming Role of nurse in empowering others	Lecture Discussion	 Short answer Objective type

NURSING FOUNDATION - I (including First Aid module)

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 2 Credits (80 hours) and Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services.
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life.
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members.
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting.
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs.
- 6. Describe the fundamental principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management.
- 7. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients.
- 8. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge.
- 9. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility.
- 10. Perform first aid measures during emergencies.
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

First Aid: 40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL - Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5 (T)	Describe the	Introduction to health and illness	• Lecture	• Essay
		concept of health and illness	 Concept of Health – Definitions (WHO), Dimensions Maslow's hierarchy of needs Health – Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developing illnesses Illness – Types, illness behavior 	• Discussion	Short answerObjective type
			Impact of illness on patient and family		
II	5 (T)	Describe the levels of illness prevention and care, health care services	Health Care Delivery Systems – Introduction of Basic Concepts & Meanings Levels of Illness Prevention – Primary (Health Promotion), Secondary and Tertiary Levels of Care – Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Types of health care agencies/ services – Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care facilities Hospitals – Types, Organization and	• Lecture • Discussion	EssayShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Functions • Health care teams in hospitals – members and their role		
	12 (T)	Nursing Explain the	 History of Nursing and Nursing as a profession History of Nursing, History of Nursing in India Contributions of Florence Nightingale Nursing – Definition – Nurse, Nursing, Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities of a nurse, Categories of nursing personnel Nursing as a profession – definition and characteristics/criteria of profession Values – Introduction – meaning and importance Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses – Introduction 	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion Role plays 	EssayShort answersObjective type
IV	8 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the process, principles, and types of communication Explain therapeutic, non-therapeutic and professional communication Communicate effectively with patients, their families and team members	Communication and Nurse Patient Relationship Communication – Levels, Elements and Process, Types, Modes, Factors influencing communication Methods of effective communication/therapeutic communication techniques Barriers to effective communication/non-therapeutic communication techniques Professional communication Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Relationship) – Purposes and Phases Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members Maintaining effective human relations and communication with vulnerable groups (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly)		 Essay Short answer Objective type
V	4 (T) 2 (SL)	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting Maintain records and reports accurately	 Documentation and Reporting Documentation – Purposes of Reports and Records Confidentiality Types of Client records/Common Record-keeping forms Methods/Systems of documentation/Recording 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	EssayShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Guidelines for documentation		
			Do's and Don'ts of documentation/Legal guidelines for Documentation/Recording		
			Reporting – Change of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports		
VI	15 (T)	Describe principles	Vital signs	• Lecture	• Essay
	20	and techniques of monitoring and	Guidelines for taking vital signs	Discussion	Short answer
	(SL)	maintaining vital	Body temperature –	Demonstration &	Objective
		signs	Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature	Re-demonstration	type • Document th
			Assessment of body temperature – sites, equipment and technique		given values of
			Temperature alterations –		temperature, pulse, and
			Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia		respiration in the graphic
			 Fever/Pyrexia – Definition, Causes, Stages, Types 		sheet • OSCE
			Nursing Management		
			 Hot and Cold applications 		
			• Pulse:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse 		
		Assess and record	Assessment of pulse – sites, equipment and technique		
		vital signs accurately	Alterations in pulse		
			• Respiration:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affecting respiration 		
			• Assessment of respirations – technique		
			Arterial Oxygen saturation		
			Alterations in respiration		
			Blood pressure:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting BP 		
			 Assessment of BP – sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment 		
			Alterations in Blood Pressure		
			Documenting Vital Signs		
VII	3 (T)	Maintain equipment	Equipment and Linen		
		and linen	Types – Disposables and reusable		
			Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, plastics, furniture		
			• Introduction – Indent, maintenance, Inventory		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods			
VIII	10 (T)	Describe the basic principles and	Introduction to Infection Control in Clinical setting Infection	• Lecture	• Essay			
	3 (SL)	techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management	techniques of	techniques of	techniques of	Nature of infection	• Discussion	Short answer
			Chain of infection	Demonstration	• Objective type			
			Types of infection	 Observation of autoclaving and 	type			
			• Stages of infection	other sterilization				
			• Factors increasing susceptibility to	techniques				
			infection	• Video presentation on medical &				
			Body defenses against infection – Inflammatory response & Immune response	surgical asepsis				
			Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection)					
			Introductory concept of Asepsis – Medical & Surgical asepsis					
			Precautions					
			Hand Hygiene					
			• (Hand washing and use of hand Rub)					
			Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)					
			Standard precautions					
			Biomedical Waste management					
			Types of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards – Introduction					
IX	15 (T)	Identify and meet	Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain	• Lecture	• Essay			
	15	the comfort needs of the patients	• Comfort	• Discussion	• Short answer			
	(SL)	or the patients	○ Factors Influencing Comfort	• Demonstration &	 Objective 			
			 Types of beds including latest beds, purposes & bed making 	Re-demonstration	type • OSCE			
			Therapeutic positions					
			o Comfort devices					
			Sleep and Rest					
			o Physiology of sleep					
			o Factors affecting sleep					
			 Promoting Rest and sleep 					
			○ Sleep Disorders					
			• Pain (Discomfort)					
			o Physiology					
			Common cause of pain					
			 Types Assessment – pain scales and narcotic scales					

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Pharmacological and Non- pharmacological pain relieving measures – Use of narcotics, TENS devices, PCA 		
			 Invasive techniques of pain management 		
			Any other newer measures		
			 CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities) 		
X	5 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the concept of patient	Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment	Lecture Discussion	• Essay • Short answer
	3 (32)	environment	 Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control 	Demonstration	Objective type
			 Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents 		
			Fall Risk Assessment		
			Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment		
			Safety devices –		
			 Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines 		
			 Other Safety Devices – Side rails, Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid slippers etc. 		
XI	6 (T)	Explain and perform	Hospital Admission and discharge	• Lecture	• Essay
	2 (SL)	admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit	DiscussionDemonstration	Short answerObjective
			o Admission bed	Demonstration	type
			o Admission procedure		
			o Medico-legal issues		
			o Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse		
			Discharge from the hospital		
			o Types – Planned discharge, LAMA and Abscond, Referrals and transfers		
			o Discharge Planning		
			o Discharge procedure		
			o Medico-legal issues		
			o Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse		
			O Care of the unit after discharge		
XII	8 (T)	Demonstrate skill in caring for patients	Mobility and Immobility	• Lecture	• Essay
	10 (SL)	with restricted mobility	Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement	 Discussion Demonstration &	 Short answer Objective

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity Exercise – Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility – assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment – positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach 	Re-demonstration	type • OSCE
XIII	4 (T) 2 (SL)	Describe the principles and practice of patient education	 Care of patients with casts and splints Patient education Patient Teaching – Importance, Purposes, Process Integrating nursing process in patient teaching 	DiscussionRole plays	EssayShort answerObjective type
XIV	20 (T) 20 (SL)	Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	First Aid* Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock Musculoskeletal Injuries – Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries Transportation of Injured persons Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR Unconsciousness Foreign Bodies – Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach Burns & Scalds Poisoning, Bites & Stings Frostbite & Effects of Heat Community Emergencies	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) / Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) First Aid module 	 Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE

^{*}Mandatory module

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical Practicum: 2 Credits (160 hours), 10 weeks × 16 hours per week

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 7. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 8. Provide safe and clean environment
- 9. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 10. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles
- 12. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies.

SKILL LAB Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competencies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Therapeutic Communication and Documentation	Role Play
2.	Vital signs	Simulator/Standardized patient
3.	Medical and Surgical Asepsis	Videos/Mannequin
4.	Pain Assessment	Standardized patient
5.	Comfort Devices	Mannequin
6.	Therapeutic Positions	Mannequin
7.	Physical Restraints and Side rails	Mannequin
8.	ROM Exercises	Standardized patient
9.	Ambulation	Standardized patient
10.	Moving and Turning patients in bed	Mannequin
11.	Changing position of helpless patients	Mannequin/Standardized patient
12.	Transferring patients bed to stretcher/wheel chair	Mannequin/Standardized patient
13.	Admission, Transfer, Discharge & Health Teaching	Role Play

CLINICAL POSTINGS – General Medical/Surgical Wards

10 weeks × 16 hours/week = 160 Hours

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	2	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image) Communicate effectively with patient, families and	Communication and Nurse patient relationship Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and		• OSCE
		Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting	procedures O Verbal report O Written report		
	2	Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs	 Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet Temperature (oral, tympanic, 	• Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 1	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		Care for patients with altered vital signs	axillary) O Pulse (Apical and peripheral pulses)		
		Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	 Respiration Blood pressure Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration 		
			• Cold Applications – Cold Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging		
			Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter Infection control in Clinical cottings		
			settingsHand hygieneUse of PPE		
	3	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment Comfort, Rest & Sleep		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
			Bed making-OpenClosed		
			Occupied Post-operative		

- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Critical Care Unit	2	in assessment of critically ill and providing	 Assessment of critically ill patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation & extubation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator Set up of trolley with instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive Setting up of infusion pump, defibrillator, Drug administration-infusion, intracardic, intrathecal, epidural, Monitoring pacemaker ICU care bundle Management of the dying patient in the ICU 	Hemodynamic monitoring Different scales used in ICU Communicating with critically ill patients	 Clinical evaluation OSCE RASS scale assessment Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI Case Presentation

PROFESSIONALISM, PROFESSIONAL VALUES & ETHICS INCLUDING BIOETHICS

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER
THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to develop an understanding of professionalism and demonstrate professional behavior in their workplace with ethics and professional values. Further the students will be able to identify ethical issues in nursing practice and participate effectively in ethical decision making along with health team members.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe profession and professionalism.
- 2. Identify the challenges of professionalism.
- 3. Maintain respectful communication and relationship with other health team members, patients and society.
- 4. Demonstrate professional conduct.
- 5. Describe various regulatory bodies and professional organizations related to nursing.
- 6. Discuss the importance of professional values in patient care.
- 7. Explain the professional values and demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice.
- 8. Demonstrate and reflect on the role and responsibilities in providing compassionate care in the healthcare setting.
- 9. Demonstrate respect, human dignity and privacy and confidentiality to self, patients and their caregivers and other health team members.
- 10. Advocate for patients' wellbeing, professional growth and advancing the profession.
- 11. Identify ethical and bioethical concerns, issues and dilemmas in nursing and healthcare.
- 12. Apply knowledge of ethics and bioethics in ethical decision making along with health team members.
- 13. Protect and respect patient's rights.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I		Discuss nursing as a	PROFESSIONALISM	Lecture cum	Short answer
	3(1)	profession	Profession	Discussion	• Essay
			• Definition of profession		 Disay Objective type
			Criteria of a profession		objective type
			 Nursing as a profession 		
		Describe the concepts	Professionalism		
		professionalism	Definition and characteristics of professionalism		
			 Concepts, attributes and indicators of professionalism 		
			• Challenges of professionalism		
		Identify the challenges of professionalism	 Personal identity vs professional identity 		
		Maintain respectful communication and	 Preservation of self-integrity: threat to integrity, Deceiving patient: withholding information and falsifying records 	• Debate	
	relationship wi health team me	relationship with other health team members, patients and society	 Communication & Relationship with team members: Respectful and open communication and relationship pertaining to relevant interests for ethical decision making 	• Role play	
		Demonstrate	o Relationship with patients and society		
		professional conduct	Professional Conduct		
			 Following ethical principles 		
		professional	 Adhering to policies, rules and regulation of the institutions 	• Case based	
		boundaries between patients, colleagues	• Professional etiquettes and behaviours	discussion	
		and society	• Professional grooming: Uniform, Dress code		
		Describe the roles and	 Professional boundaries: Professional relationship with the patients, caregivers and team members 		
		responsibilities of regulatory bodies and professional	Regulatory Bodies & Professional Organizations: Roles & Responsibilities	• Lecture cum	
		organizations	 Regulatory bodies: Indian Nursing Council, State Nursing Council 	Discussion	
			 Professional Organizations: Trained Nurses Association of India (TNAI), Student Nurses Association (SNA), Nurses League of Christian Medical Association of India, International Council of Nurses (ICN) and International Confederation of Midwives 	• Visit to INC, SNC, TNAI	Visit reports

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
II	5 (T)	importance of professional values Distinguish between	importance of professional values • Values: Definition and characteristics of values • Value clarification • Value clarification	Discussion Value clarification exercise Interactive learning	 Short answer Essay Assessment of student's behavior with patients and
		Demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice	 Professional socialization: Integration of professional values with personal values Professional values in nursing Importance of professional values in nursing and health care Caring: definition, and process Compassion: Sympathy Vs empathy, Altruism Conscientiousness Dedication/devotion to work Respect for the person- Human dignity Privacy and confidentiality: Incidental disclosure Honesty and integrity: Truth telling Trust and credibility: Fidelity, Loyalty Advocacy: Advocacy for patients, work environment, nursing education and practice, and for advancing the profession 	 Story telling Sharing experiences Scenario based discussion 	families
III	10 (T)	Define ethics & bioethics Explain ethical principles Identify ethical concerns Ethical issues and dilemmas in health care	ETHICS & BIOETHICS Definitions: Ethics, Bioethics and Ethical Principles Beneficence Non-maleficence: Patient safety, protecting patient from harm, Reporting errors Justice: Treating each person as equal Care without discrimination, equitable access to care and safety of the public Autonomy: Respects patients' autonomy, Self-determination, Freedom of choice Ethical issues and ethical dilemma: Common ethical problems Conflict of interest Paternalism Deception Privacy and confidentiality	 Lecture cum discussion Group discussion with examples Flipping/ self-directed learning Role play Story telling Sharing experiences Case based Clinical discussion Role modeling Group exercise on ethical decision-making following steps on a given scenario Assignment 	 Short answer Essay Quiz Reflective diary Case report Attitude test Assessment of assignment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Valid consent and refusal		
			Allocation of scarce nursing resources		
			• Conflicts concerning new technologies		
			Whistle-blowing		
			Beginning of life issues		
			• Abortion		
			Substance abuse		
			Fetal therapy		
			Selective deduction		
			Intrauterine treatment of fetal conditions		
			Mandated contraception		
			Fetal injury		
			Infertility treatment		
			• End of life issues		
			End of life		
			o Euthanasia		
			o Do Not Resuscitate (DNR)		
			• Issues related to psychiatric care		
			Non compliance		
			Restrain and seclusion		
			Refuse to take food		
		Explain process of			
		ethical decision			
		making and apply knowledge of ethics			
		and bioethics in			
		making ethical decisions			
		Explain code of ethics			
		stipulated by ICN and INC			
		INC			

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			1201211200	1,10110415
		Discuss the rights of	Process of ethical decision making		
		decisions about health	Assess the situation (collect information)		
			Identify the ethical problem		
			Identify the alternative decisions		
		Protect and respect patients' rights	Choose the solution to the ethical decision		
		patients rights	Implement the decision		
			Evaluate the decision		
			Ethics committee: Roles and responsibilities		
			Clinical decision making		
			Research		
			Code of Ethics		
			• International Council of Nurses (ICN)		
			Indian Nursing Council		
			Patients' Bill of Rights-17 patients' rights (MoH&FW, GoI)		
			1. Right to emergency medical care		
			Right to safety and quality care according to standards		
			3. Right to preserve dignity		
			4. Right to nondiscrimination		
			5. Right to privacy and confidentiality		
			6. Right to information		
			7. Right to records and reports		
			8. Right to informed consent		
			9. Right to second opinion		
			10. Right to patient education11. Right to choose alternative treatment		
			options if available 12. Right to choose source for obtaining		
			medicines or tests		
			13. Right to proper referral and transfer, which is free from perverse commercial influences		
			14. Right to take discharge of patient or receive body of deceased from hospital		
			15. Right to information on the rates to be charged by the hospital for each type of service provided and facilities available on a prominent display board and a brochure		
			16. Right to protection for patients involved in clinical trials, biomedical and health research		
			17. Right to be heard and seek redressal		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017 		
VII	5 (T)	Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describe Community Mental health services and role of the nurse	 Community Mental Health Nursing Development of Community Mental Health Services: National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy National Mental Health Program Institutionalization versus Deinstitutionalization Model of Preventive psychiatry Mental Health Services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and nurses' responsibilities Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International Mental health nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc. 	Lecture cum discussion Clinical/ field practice Field visits to mental health service agencies	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports

CLINICAL PRACTICUM - 2 Credits (80 hours)

Clinical Practicum for Mental Health Nursing - I & II are given under Mental Health Nursing - I Clinical Practicum NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: VI Semester

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours) includes Lab/Skill Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India.
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing.
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital.
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education.
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit.
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control.
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies.
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies.
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities.
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process.

- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress.
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities.
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum.
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education.
- 15 Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ĭ	Ì	Outcomes Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends	Health Care and Development of Nursing Services in India Current health care delivery system of India – review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing	Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment	Short answer Assessment of assignment
II	2 (T)	Explain the principles and functions of management applied to nursing Describe the introductory	Management Basics Applied to Nursing Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management Process Planning Organizing	• Lecture and discussion	MCQ Short answer
		concepts of management as a process	 Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controlling MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES 		
III	4 (T)	Describe the essential elements of planning	Planning Nursing Services Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals Functional and operational planning	 Lecture and Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting 	• Formulate Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing department/ unit • Assessment

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes			Methods
			Strategic planning		of problem-
			Program planning – Gantt chart & milestone chart		solving exercises
			• Budgeting – concepts, principles, types,		Visit Report
			Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis		
			 Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward) 		
			Planning for emergency and disaster		
IV	4 (T)	Discuss the	Organizing	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		concepts of organizing including	Organizing as a process – assignment, delegation and coordination	Comparison of organizational structure of various	• Assessment of assignment
		hospital organization	Hospital – types, functions & organization	organizationsNursing care delivery systems –	
			Organizational development	assignment	
			Organizational structure	Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing	
			Organizational charts	services	
			Organizational effectiveness		
			Hospital administration, Control & line of authority		
			Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices		
			Nursing care delivery systems and trends		
			Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate		
V	6 (T)	significance of	Staffing (Human resource management)	Lecture and discussion Role play	• Formulate Job
		human resource management (HRM) and	 Definition, objectives, components and functions 	Games self-assessment, case discussion and practice session	description at different levels of care
		material	Staffing & Scheduling	Calculation of staffing	& compare with existing
		and discuss its	• Staffing – Philosophy, staffing activities	requirements for a specified	system
		elements	Recruiting, selecting, deployment	ward	• Preparation of
			Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation		duty roster
			Staffing units – Projecting staffing requirements/calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system		
			Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels		
			Assignment and nursing care responsibilities		

	Time (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(1113)	Outcomes			Withous
			Turnover and absenteeism		
			• Staff welfare		
			Discipline and grievances		
			In-Service Education		
			 Nature and scope of in-service education program 	• Visit to inventory store of the institution	
		Explain the	• Principles of adult learning – review	Institution	
		procedural steps of material	 Planning and organizing in-service educational program 		• Preparation of MMF/records
		management	Methods, techniques and evaluation		• Preparation of
			Preparation of report		log book &
		Develop managerial skill in inventory	Material Resource Management		condemnation documents
			 Procurement, purchasing process, inventory control & role of nurse 		• Visit Report
		control and actively participate in procurement process	Auditing and maintenance in hospital and patient care unit		
VI	5 (T)	Describe the	Directing and Leading	Lecture and discussion	• Assignment
		important methods of supervision and guidance	 Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance Participatory management Inter-professional collaboration Management by objectives 	Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments	on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/ • Preparation of protocols and manuals
			• Team management		
			• Assignments, rotations		
			Maintenance of discipline		
			 Leadership in management 		
VII		Discuss the	Leadership	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		significance and changing	• Definition, concepts, and theories	• Self-assessment	• Essay
		trends of nursing leadership Analyze the different leadership styles and develop	Leadership principles and competencies	Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting	• Assessment of exercise/repor
			Leadership styles: Situational leadership, Transformational leadership	Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise	t
			Methods of leadership development	• Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level	
			Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing	mangers-ward incharge, ANS)	
		leadership competencies	 Delegation, power & politics, empowerment, mentoring and coaching 		
			• Decision making and problem solving		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(1113)	Outcomes			111011045
			Conflict management and negotiation		
			Implementing planned change		
VIII	4 (T)	Explain the	Controlling	Lecture cum discussion	• Assessment
		process of controlling and its activities	Implementing standards, policies, procedures, protocols and practices	Preparation of policies/ protocols for nursing units/	of prepared protocols
			Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction	department	
			Nursing rounds, Documentation – records and reports		
			Total quality management – Quality assurance, Quality and safety		
			Performance appraisal		
			Program evaluation review technique (PERT)		
			Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart)		
			Critical path analysis		
IX	4 (T)	Explain the concepts of organizational behavior and group	Organizational Behavior and Human Relations	Lecture and discussion Role play/ exercise – Group dynamics & human relations	• Short answer
			Concepts and theories of organizational behavior		• OSCE
		dynamics	Group dynamics		
			• Review – Interpersonal relationship		
			Human relations		
			Public relations in the context of nursing		
			Relations with professional associations and employee unions		
			Collective bargaining		
			Review – Motivation and morale building		
			Communication in the workplace – assertive communication		
			Committees – importance in the organization, functioning		
X	2 (T)	Describe the	Financial Management	Lecture cum discussion	• Short answer
		financial management	• Definition, objectives, elements,	Budget proposal review	• Essay
		related to	functions, principles & scope of financial management	Preparation of budget proposal	• Assessment
		nursing services	Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department)	for a specific department	of assignment
			Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for – Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Budget and Budgetary processFinancial audit		
XI	1 (T)	Review the concepts, principles and methods and use of nursing informatics	Nursing Informatics/ Information Management – Review • Patient records • Nursing records • Use of computers in hospital, college and community • Telemedicine & Tele nursing • Electronic Medical Records (EMR), EHR	ReviewPractice sessionVisit to departments	Short answer
XII	1 (T)	Review personal management in terms of management of emotions, stress and resilience	Personal Management – Review • Emotional intelligence • Resilience building • Stress and time management – destressing • Career planning MANAGEMENT OF NURSING EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS	Review Discussion	
XIII	4 (T)	Describe the process of establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines	Establishment of Nursing Educational Institutions Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines – Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines Coordination with regulatory bodies – INC and State Nursing Council Accreditation – Inspections Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations	Lecture and discussion Visit to one of the regulatory bodies	Visit report
XIV	4 (T)	planning and organizing functions of a nursing college	 Planning and Organizing Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college Organization structure of school/college Review – Curriculum planning Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities – master plan, time table and clinical rotation Budget planning – faculty, staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities – college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, 	 Directed reading – INC Curriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment – writing philosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time table and clinical rotation 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of assignment

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)	Outcomes			Nietnous
			computer lab, transport facilities		
			• Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative		
			Committees and functioning		
			Clinical experiences		
XV	4 (T)	Develop	Staffing and Student Selection	Guided reading on faculty	Short answer
		understanding of staffing the college and	• Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description	normsFaculty welfare activities	• Activity report
		selecting the	Performance appraisal	report	• Assessment
		students	Faculty development	Writing job description of tutors	of job description
			• Faculty/staff welfare		
			Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement		
XVI	4 (T)	Analyze the	Directing and Controlling	Review principles of evaluation	• Short
		leadership and management activities in an	Review – Curriculum implementation and evaluation	Assignment – Identify disciplinary problems among	answerAssessment
		educational organization	Leadership and motivation, supervision – review	studentsWriting student record	of assignment and record
			Guidance and counseling		
			Quality management – educational audit		
			Program evaluation, evaluation of performance		
			Maintaining discipline		
			Institutional records and reports – administrative, faculty, staff and students		
XVII			PROFESSIONAL CONSIDERATIONS		
			Review – Legal and Ethical Issues		
		practice	Nursing as a profession – Characteristics of a professional nurse		
			Nursing practice – philosophy, aim and objectives		
			Regulatory bodies – INC and SNC constitution and functions		
			Review – Professional ethics		
			Code of ethics and professional conduct – INC & ICN		
			Practice standards for nursing – INC		
			• International Council for Nurses (ICN)		
			Legal aspects in nursing:		
			• Consumer protection act, patient rights		
			Legal terms related to practice, legal		

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			system – types of law, tort law & liabilities • Laws related to nursing practice – negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties • Invasion of privacy, defamation of character • Nursing regulatory mechanisms – registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practitioner/specialist nursing practice		
XVIII	2 (T)	opportunities	 Professional Advancement Continuing Nursing Education Career opportunities Membership with professional organizations – national and international Participation in research activities Publications – journals, newspaper 	 Prepare journal list available in India Write an article – research/clinical 	• Assessment of assignments

Note: Less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 2 Credits (80 hours) 2 weeks \times 40 hours per week = 80 hours

Practice Competencies:

Hospital

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/Nursing services/nursing department
- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals
- 10. Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching

- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE end of posting

CLINICAL POSTING: Management experience in hospital & college.

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I including SBA module

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL/L - Skill Lab/Lab, C - Clinical

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	and current scenario of midwifery in India	That are of midwifers in Ladia	 Discussion Demonstration Role play Directed reading and assignment: ICM competencies Scenario based learning 	Short answerObjective typeEssayQuiz

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Withous
		indicators	Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates		
			o Maternal death audit		
		Describe the various	National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health)		
		national health programs related to	Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing:		
		RMNCH+A	Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC)		
		Identify the trends	Midwifery-led care units (MLCU)		
		and issues in midwifery	 Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth 		
			 Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth 		
			 Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM) 		
			 Universal rights of child-bearing women 		
			 Sexual and reproductive health and rights 		
			 Women's expectations & choices about care 		
			Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India:		
			INC/MOH&FW regulations		
			ICM code of ethics		
			Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care		
		Discuss the legal and ethical issues relevant	 Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act, Surrogate mothers 		
		to midwifery practice	Roles and responsibilities of a midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in different settings (hospital/community)		
			Scope of practice for midwives		
II	6 (T)	Review the	Anatomy and physiology of human	• Lecture	• Quiz
	3 (L)	anatomy and physiology of human	reproductive system and conception (Maternal, Fetal & Newborn	• Discussion	Short answer
		reproductive system	physiology)	• Self-directed learning	• Essay
			Review:	Models	
			Female organs of reproduction Female polyical beness joints.	Videos & films	
			 Female pelvis – bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations 	. 12250 & Millio	
			• Foetal skull – bones, sutures,		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(HIS)		fontanelles, diameters, moulding		
			Fetopelvic relationship		
			Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene		
			Fertilization, conception and implantation		
			Embryological development		
			Placental development and function, placental barrier		
			• Fetal growth and development		
			Fetal circulation & nutrition		
III	12 (T) 10 (L)		Assessment and management of normal pregnancy (ante-natal):	Lecture Discussion	 Short answer Objective type
	` ´	Provide preconception	Pre-pregnancy Care	Demonstration	• Assessment of
			Review of sexual development (Self Learning)	DemonstrationSelf-Learning	skills with check list
			Socio-cultural aspects of human sexuality (Self Learning)	Health talkRole play	• Case study evaluation
			Preconception care	Counseling session	• OSCE
			Pre-conception counseling (including awareness regarding normal birth) Genetic counseling (Self Learning)		
			Planned parenthood		
		Describe the physiology, assessment and management of normal pregnancy	Pregnancy assessment and antenatal care (I, II & III Trimesters)	Case discussion/	
			Normal pregnancy	presentation Simulation Supervised	
			Physiological changes during pregnancy		
			Assess and confirm pregnancy: Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests	clinical practice	
			Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition		
			Building partnership with women following RMC protocol		
			• Fathers' engagement in maternity care		
			Ante-natal care:		
			1 st Trimesters		
		Demonstrate	 Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation 		
		knowledge, attitude and skills of midwifery practice throughout 1 st ,2 nd and 3 rd	Identification and management of minor discomforts of pregnancy	Refer SBA module & Safe motherhood	

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Withous
		trimesters	Antenatal care : as per GoI guidelines	booklet	
			 Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior, sexual life during pregnancy, immunization etc.) 	• Lab tests – performance and interpretation	
			Danger signs during pregnancy	Demonstration	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	• Roleplay	
			• Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines		
			• Role of Doula/ASHAs		
			II Trimester		
			Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			Assessment of fetal well-being: DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests.		
			Antenatal care		
			Women centered care	• Demonstration of	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	antenatal assessment	
			Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, etc.		
			 Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2nd trimester 		
			Rh negative and prophylactic anti D		
			Referral and collaboration, empowerment		
			Ongoing risk assessment		
			Maternal Mental Health		
			III Trimester		
			Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			 Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester 		
			Third trimester tests and screening		
			Fetal engagement in late pregnancy		
			Childbirth preparation classes		

Unit Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		 Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning Danger signs of pregnancy – recognition of ruptured membranes Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred choices, birth companion Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Role of Doula/ASHA's 	 Scenario based learning Lecture Simulation Role play Refer GoI Guidelines Health talk Counseling session Demonstration of birthing positions Workshop on alternative birthing 	
IV 12 (T 12 (L 80 (C	of labour in promoting normal	Physiology, management and care during labour Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/labour Per vaginal examination (if necessary) Stages of labour Organization of labour room – Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labour as per GoI guidelines Fist Stage Physiology of normal labour Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph/labour care guide Assessing and monitoring fetal well being Evidence based care during 1st stage of labour Pain management in labour (non-pharmacological) Psychological support – Managing fear Activity and ambulation during first	 Descriptions Lecture Discussion Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice – Per vaginal examination, Conduction of normal childbirth Refer SBA module LaQshya guidelines Dakshata guidelines 	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

(Hrs) • Nutrition during labour • Promote positive childbirth experience for women • Birth companion • Role of Doula/ASHA's Second stage • Physiology (Mechanism of labour) • Signs of imminent labour • Signs of imminent labour • Intrapartum monitoring • Birth position of choice • Vaginal examination • Psychological support • Non-directive coaching • Evidence based management of physiological birth/Conduction of	Methods
Promote positive childbirth experience for women Birth companion Role of Doula/ASHA's Second stage Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Waginal examination Psychological birthing and promote normal birth Non-directive coaching Evidence based management of	
for women Birth companion Role of Doula/ASHA's Second stage Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching Evidence based management of	
 Role of Doula/ASHA's Second stage Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching Refer ENBC, NSSK module Demonstration Group work Scenario based learning 	
Second stage Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Discuss how the midwife provides care and support for the women during birth to enhance physiological birthing and promote normal birth Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching Evidence based management of	
 Physiology (Mechanism of labour) Signs of imminent labour Signs of imminent labour Intrapartum monitoring Birth position of choice Vaginal examination Psychological support Non-directive coaching Evidence based management of 	
Discuss how the midwife provides care and support for the women during birth to enhance physiological birthing and promote normal birth • Signs of imminent labour • Intrapartum monitoring • Birth position of choice • Vaginal examination • Psychological support • Non-directive coaching • Evidence based management of	
Discuss how the midwife provides care and support for the women during birth to enhance physiological birthing and promote normal birth • Intrapartum monitoring • Birth position of choice • Vaginal examination • Psychological support • Non-directive coaching • Evidence based management of	
 Birth position of choice Waginal examination Psychological birthing and promote normal birth Non-directive coaching Group work Scenario based learning Non-directive coaching Evidence based management of 	
and support for the women during birth to enhance physiological birthing and promote normal birth • Waginal examination • Psychological support • Non-directive coaching • Evidence based management of	
women during birth to enhance physiological birthing and promote normal birth • Vaginal examination • Psychological support • Non-directive coaching • Evidence based management of	
birthing and promote normal birth • Psychological support • Non-directive coaching • Evidence based management of	
Evidence based management of	
care of the newborn normal childbirth	
immediately following birth • Essential newborn care (ENBC)	
Immediate assessment and care of the newborn	
Role of Doula/ASHA's	
Third Stage	
Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis Simulation	
 Physiological management of third stage of labour Role play Demonstration 	
Active management of third stage of labour (recommended) Videos	
Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels	
Assess perineal, vaginal tear/ injuries and suture if required	
Insertion of postpartum IUCD	
Immediate perineal care	
• Initiation of breast feeding	
Skin to skin contact	
Newborn resuscitation	
Fourth Stage	
Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn	
labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss	
Documentation and Record of birth	

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)				1.1011043
			Breastfeeding and latching		
		Ensure initiation of breast feeding and	Managing uterine cramp		
		adequate latching	Alternative/complementary therapies		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Various childbirth practices		
			Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding		
			Maintaining records and reports		
V	7 (T)	Describe the physiology,	Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women	• Lecture	Essay type
	6 (L) 40 (C)	management and care of normal puerperium	Normal puerperium – Physiology,	Discussion	• Short answer
	40 (C)	or normal puerpertum	duration	Demonstration	Objective type
			Post-natal assessment and care – facility and home-based care	Health talk	Assessment of
			•	• Simulated practice	skills with
			Perineal hygiene and careBladder and bowel function	• Supervised	checklist
				clinical practice	• OSCE
			 Minor disorders of puerperium and its management 	Refer SBA module	
			Physiology of lactation and lactation management		
			 Postnatal counseling and psychological support 		
			Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression		
			Transition to parenthood		
			 Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth 		
			Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices)		
			Diet during lactation-review		
			Post-partum family planning		
			Follow-up of postnatal mothers		
			Drugs used in the postnatal period		
			Records and reports		
VI	7 (T)	Discuss the need for	Assessment and ongoing care of	Lecture	Essay type
		and provision of compassionate, family	normal neonates	• Discussion	Short answer
		centered midwifery	Family centered care	Demonstration	Objective
		care of the newborn	Respectful newborn care and communication	Simulated	type
				practice session	Assessment of
		Describe the assessment and care	Normal Neonate – Physiological adaptation	• Supervised	skills with checklist
		of normal neonate	Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies	clinical practiceRefer safe deliver	• OSCE
			• Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after	app module – newborn	

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Wiethous
			the childbirth (Routine care of newborn) • Skin to skin contact and	management • Partial completion of SBA module	
			thermoregulation		
			• Infection prevention		
			• Immunization		
			 Minor disorders of newborn and its management 		
VII		Explain various methods of family	Family welfare services	• Lecture	• Essay type
	2 (L)	planning and role of	• Impact of early/frequent childbearing		• Short answers
	` /	nurse/midwife in providing family planning services	 Comprehensive range of family planning methods 	practiceField visits	• Objective type
		praining services	 Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods 	• Scenario based learning	• Field visit reports
			 Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization 	DiscussionGoI guidelines –	• Vignettes
			 Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods 	injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization	
			Emergency contraceptives		
			 Recent trends and research in contraception 		
			• Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS)		
			 Legal and rights aspects of FP 		
			 Human rights aspects of FP adolescents 		
			 Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review) 		
			 Importance of follow up and recommended timing 		
			Gender related issues in SRH		
		Describe youth friendly services and role of purses/	 Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife 		
			Special courts for abused people		
		Recognize the role of	 Gender sensitive health services including family planning 		
		nurses/midwives in gender based violence			

PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 3 Credits (240 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- 5. Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 9. Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical Project: 40 hours

DESCRIPTION: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/ participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, P - Practicum

Unit	Ti	me (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methous
I	6		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice	 Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of good research Steps of Research process – overview 	 Lecture cum Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies Identify research priorities on a given area/ specialty List examples of Evidence Based Practice 	Short answerObjective type
II	2	8	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem Writing objectives and hypotheses	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives 	 Short answer Objective type Formulation of research questions/ objectives/ hypothesis

Unit	Ti	me (Hrs.)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
III	2	6	Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc. Purposes Method of review	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem Prepare annotated Bibliography 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of review of literature on given topic presented
IV	4	1	Describe the Research approaches and designs	Research Approaches and Designs Historical, survey and experimental Qualitative and Quantitative designs	 Lecture cum Discussion Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research Studies with rationale 	Short answerObjective type
V	6	6	Explain the Sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	 Sampling and data Collection Definition of Population, Sample Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques Data – why, what, from whom, when and where to collect Data collection methods and instruments Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments, Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Research ethics Pilot study Data collection procedure 	 Lecture cum Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools Preparation of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project 	 Short answer Objective type Developing questionnaire/ Interview Schedule/ Checklist
VI	4	6	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	Analysis of data Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data	 Lecture cum Discussion Preparation of sample tables 	Short answerObjective typeAnalyze and interpret given data
VII	12	8	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement	 Introduction to Statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. 	Lecture cum DiscussionPractice on	Short answerObjective typeComputation of

Unit	Ti	me (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methous
			and graphical presentation of data Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation	 Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	graphical presentations • Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation	descriptive statistics
VIII	4	40 Hrs (Clinical Project)	Communicate and utilize the research findings		 Lecture cum Discussion Read/ Presentations of a sample published/ unpublished research report Plan, conduct and Write individual/group research project 	 Short answer Objective type Oral Presentation Development of research proposal Assessment of research Project

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING - II including Safe Delivery App Module

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 4 Credits (320 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetric and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and help to develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal period.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.